**Why was Chiang unable to gain complete control of China?**

**Match up the beginnings and ends of paragraphs to help you answer this question.**

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| 1. Chiang was unable to defeat all of the Warlords. | a. The Land Law gained the CCP a great deal of support. |
| 2. Chiang had little influence in the countryside where most peasants supported the CCP. | b. There was in-fighting between rival factions and the Japanese invaded Manchuria. |
| 3. The GMD tended to support landlords and tried to force peasants to pay taxes. | c. Mao used guerrilla tactics and ordered his forces to retreat when necessary. |
| 4. The GMD was not strong enough to control all of China. | d. Many peasants began to look to the CCP for protection. |
| 5. The tactics of the GMD were ineffective because there were no pitched battles. | e. Because they were press-ganged into the army and had to hand over food |
| 6. The GMD did not receive much support from the peasants. | f. This increased the support of the CCP. |
| 7. The years from 1927 to 1930 were difficult for peasants. | g. He was forced to allow some of them to remain in power. |
| 8. Mao encouraged peasants to attack landlords and seize their land. | h. Mao set up his soviet in Jiangxi to attract support from peasants. |